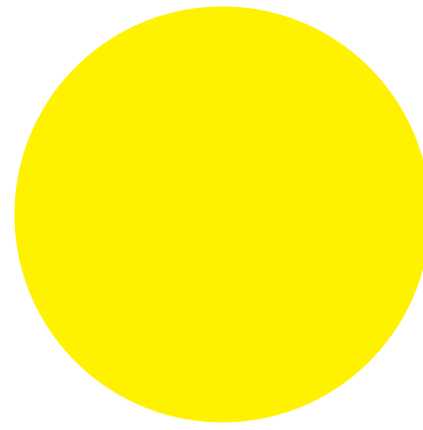




**Trump charged with 34 felony counts in hush money scheme**



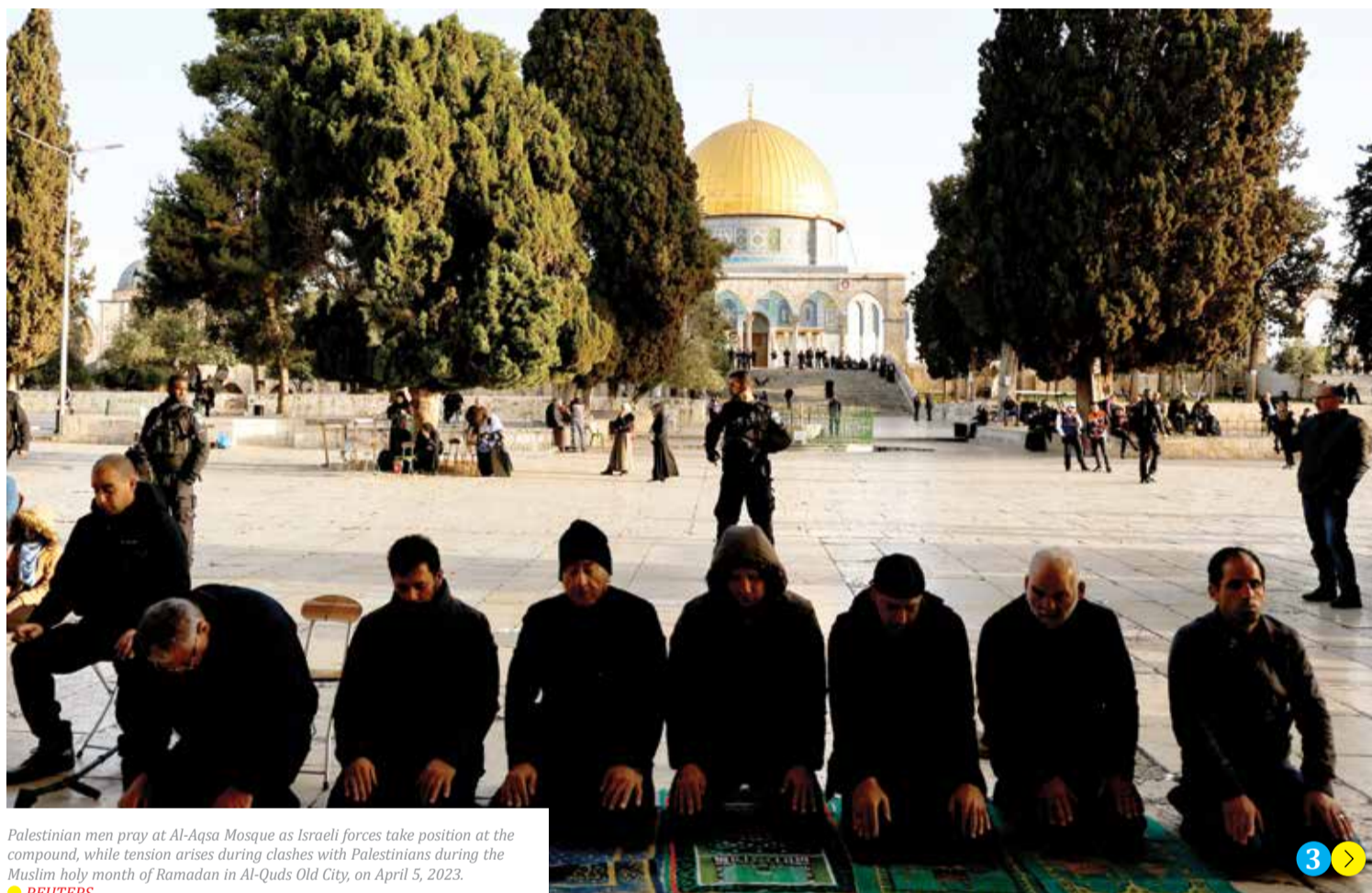
**Tehran-Moscow amicable ties promoting Islamic culture in Russia**



# Iran Daily

## Iran Welcomes U.S. Call for Peace in Yemen

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Palestinian men pray at Al-Aqsa Mosque as Israeli forces take position at the compound, while tension arises during clashes with Palestinians during the Muslim holy month of Ramadan in Al-Quds Old City, on April 5, 2023. REUTERS

### US signals for diplomatic engagement



Heshmatollah Falahatpisheh  
Middle East affairs expert

US special envoy for Yemen affairs implored Iran to lend its support to the peace process in the region. The move is a clear indication of Washington's concerted efforts to re-engage in diplomatic discourse with Tehran while preserving American dignity. The US has always prided itself on its diplomatic conduct, earning the moniker of "Guardians of Tension" in various global hotspots. Conversely, China has adopted century-old American strategies to

project itself as a benevolent peacemaker, vying for global dominance alongside the US. The Americans are aware that any diplomatic setback could dismantle their hegemony, as evidenced by the Persian Gulf fiasco. In view of the recent announcement by the United States regarding the removal of the JCPOA revival from its agenda, the US government is presently exploring alternative mechanisms that bear similarity to the JCPOA, or a regional arrangement to recommence diplomatic engagements with Iran.

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### Chabahar port: A cost-effective game changer for int'l trade



Reza Abesh Ahmadlou  
Staff writer

Iran and India are poised to ink a decade-long accord aimed at finalizing the infrastructure of the Chabahar port, which is Iran's largest ocean port and exempt from embargo. The port's growth is critical for trade, transit, and global relations expansion, particularly for Central Asian nations, India, Afghanistan, and many European countries. The Chabahar route reduces transportation expenses by 60% and shortens the duration of transporting goods from India to Central Asia by 50%. The long-term agreement between Iran and India aims to speed up the Chabahar port's development and complete the chain of

the International North-South Transport Corridor (INSTC), with India bearing the responsibility for production, transit, and the provision of necessary equipment. India has committed to spending \$500 million on the development of the Shahid Beheshti port in Chabahar since 2016, but port construction has been delayed and temporarily halted despite having funds. India's enthusiasm for reaping the Chabahar port's benefits has urged it to expedite the completion of other phases of the Shahid Beheshti port. Moreover, the establishment of a regular maritime line between China and India via Chabahar has enhanced the port's significance in global cargo transportation.

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## Leader: Arab world's relations with Iran improving

#### Political Desk

In a meeting with various officials from the three branches of the Establishment, Iran's Leader Ayatollah Seyyed Ali Khamenei stated that the political developments of the world are undergoing a rapid transformation while weakening the enemies of the Islamic Republic.

"In order to take advantage of this opportunity, we must increase our dynamism, initiative and activities in foreign policy," said the Leader. "The U.S. is one of Iran's most important foes in the world. Facts show that America was weaker under the Obama administration than under the Bush administration. The U.S. was

weaker under the Trump administration than under the Obama administration. The U.S. is weaker under this man's [Biden's] administration than under the Trump administration." Ayatollah Khamenei further underlined that the bipolarity that was formed in the 2020 U.S. elections is still highly prevalent. According to the Leader, the

U.S. has not yet been able to solve the crisis that the Zionist regime is grappling with. "The U.S. had announced that it planned to create a united Arab front against Iran, but what has happened today is the opposite of what it had intended. The Arab world's relations with Iran are improving. Furthermore, the

U.S. wanted to put an end to the nuclear program according to its own plans, through political pressure and sanctions, but it failed." Elsewhere in his remarks, Ayatollah Khamenei also referred to the recent war in Ukraine, citing it as an example of the U.S. becoming weaker.

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**Persian kilim famous for amazing harmony of forms and colors**

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**Iran working on key gas pipeline along Sea of Oman coast: NIGC**

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**Seven reasons to take up hiking this spring**

EXCLUSIVE

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### Iran has specific plan to curb inflation, boost production: Khandouzi



#### Economy Desk

The minister of economic affairs and finance said on Wednesday that according to the emphasis of the Leader

on containing inflation and increasing production, his ministry has put a specific plan on its agenda for the current Iranian year (started March 21). "The first step is the acceleration of the issuance of business licenses, which started last [Iranian] year, and, until today, 284,000 entrepreneurs have received their

licenses," Ehsan Khandouzi noted, according to IRNA. He added that another plan is to use the capacities of the country's capital markets to finance production. "Last [Iranian] year, we managed to increase the capital of non-governmental and stock exchange companies by 100 trillion tomans," the minister explained.

### Temporary deal on JCPOA mutually unfavorable



Saeed Azimi  
Staff writer

EXCLUSIVE Recently, the idea of a temporary agreement to partially revive the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) has been circulating, but Iran is not eager to embrace such an offer, despite its potential benefits. The proposal for a temporary agreement

comes from the United States, which has publicly declared that it's not willing to return to the JCPOA and instead reportedly intends to present a temporary agreement. However, there are concerns regarding the specifics of the agreement including the envisaged conditions, the duration of the temporary agreement, and what happens after the agreement expires. While the

temporary agreement's contents are yet to be made public, there are two approaches to handling such a proposal. The first approach posits that if some of Iran's basic sanctions, such as oil sales and central bank sanctions, are temporarily lifted, it will assist the country's economy, and the proposal should therefore be welcomed.

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