

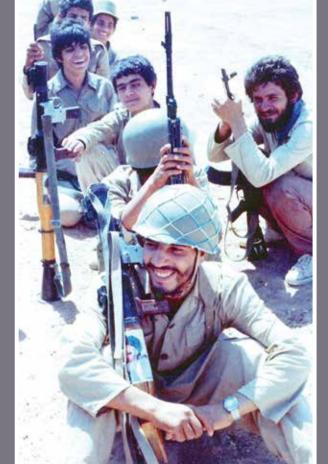




HOSSEIN NAQIZADEH/IRAN DAILY

Warphotographer

"When you go to the fronts, you will become a soldier, that's the long and short of it. A war photographer should be a soldier first."



is photo, along with other photos appearing on these two ges, depicting Iranian forces on the battlefields during the st year of the 1980s Iraq-Iran war, has been taken by Iranian otographer Fereydoun Ganjour.





"I threw my bag into the car and then pulled myself up. I was hanging from the car for quite a while." Ganjour $started\ filming\ and\ taking\ pictures\ of\ Chamran\ as\ soon$ as he regained his breath.

"I filmed it all. Since he was on the stretcher to the surgery room. The wound he had was not deep, and Dr. Chamran had no trouble breathing in the ambulance or the clinic," recalls Ganjour.

"The wound on his head was minor, as it was apparent from a spoonful of blood on the bandage. The first mistake the medical staff made was they opened the bandage on his head." Then, as Ganjour recalls, they made another mistake and clumsily put a tube in the Chamran's mouth, "a pointless act as he had no trouble

As they inserted the tube, Chamran got up and sat on the stretcher, with no one minding him from the

"Then Dr. Chamran fell and the wound on his head was cut open, and he was martyred due to the bleeding as he was being taken away." Ganjour stopped filming and turned to the young medical staff. "Iasked him 'Are you a doctor,' to which he replied after a

 $pause, `No, I'm \, an \, operating \, the ater \, technician."$

After Chamran's martyrdom, Ganiour returned to vaz for his funeral, and there met Chamran's younger brother and Kazem Akhavan – a fearless Iranian photojournalist-forthefirst time.

"The sadness we all felt was insurmountable. The loss of Dr. Chamran fell incredibly heavy on our hearts."





