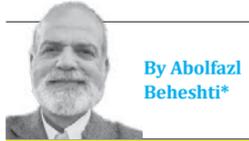


# Iran's military marvel



By Abolfazl Beheshti\*

## OPINION EXCLUSIVE

Iran's response to an Israeli terrorist attack that destroyed the Iranian consulate in Syria and killed several senior military advisors, stands out as a groundbreaking maneuver in global military annals due to its scale and complexity. The unprecedented strike by Iran on Israel will undoubtedly etch itself as a historic emblem.

While Iran attacked Israel on its own, several NATO allies rallied behind Israel, even resorting to military measures to thwart Iran's drone and missile assault. The Zionists adhere to a doctrine that posits "the first defeat is the last defeat." The events of October 7 marked a significant setback for Israel, facing off against a popular-military entity rather than an autonomous government in the confines of the Gaza Strip. A host of military experts hail Hamas's Operation Al-Aqsa Storm on October 7 as a strategic feat and a military marvel, particularly given Hamas's enduring resilience. Consequently, in line with the Israeli doctrine, they encountered their first setback on October 7, followed by another substantial defeat with Iran's missile and drone strike.



Much like the events of October 7, Iran's response unfolded akin to a miracle. However, what resonated more profoundly, as underscored by Iran's top military brass, was that the recent operation only unveiled a fraction of Iran's military might, with a considerable portion of its deterrence capacity yet to be disclosed. The United States and European nations are aware

of this, evident through their media expressing apprehension over Iran's augmented might. Consequently, efforts are underway to spin the narrative in a manner that downplays Iran's achievements and underplays its response. Nonetheless, both Israel and its Western cohorts are gripped with dread over the Iranian strike. Claims or analyses suggesting that Israel would

retaliate against Iran lack credence. While Israel may resort to terrorist acts against Iranian interests abroad or within the country as part of an ongoing proxy warfare, a direct assault is unlikely. If Benjamin Netanyahu, a bellicose figure, entertains such a notion, the United States and other key supporters of the regime such as Britain and France are unlikely to grant permission, inter-

vening to avert such insane actions. Yesterday, news broke in the media that following Joe Biden's talks with Netanyahu on the phone and the US defense minister's discussion with his Israeli counterpart, Tel Aviv took the military option off the table. Israel's potential strike on Iran not only poses a threat to the regime but also spells trouble for NATO member states.

Israel's air defense system launches to intercept missiles fired from Iran on April 14, 2024. ● AP

These nations could face security challenges before backing Israel in its stand-off with Iran, given their past experiences. For instance, the West, spearheaded by the United States, once created ISIS only to have it turn into a security menace for Europe. It comes as no surprise that Western nations now grasp the necessity of assisting Afghanistan in combating ISIS to restore stability and security. Should Israel launch an attack on Iran, Europe would find itself embroiled in non-security-related tensions. Therefore, some analysts and political experts in Europe argue that distancing from Israel is the way forward.

One ramification of a potential Israeli assault on Iran will reverberate in the global economy. Iran not only has significant energy production capabilities but also holds sway over energy transmission routes owing to its strategic geographical position. Iran's decisions could substantially disrupt the global energy market, potentially leading to inflation and internal unrest in European nations. Hence, the media campaign pushed by Israel about an attack on Iran amounts to misinformation and fake news aimed

at diverting attention from Iran's military miracle. While attempts are made to instill panic in Iran through such a media campaign, the reality on the ground exposes the impracticality of Israel and its allies carrying out such an aggression. The US has repeatedly brandished the threat of a "preemptive war" against Iran, but this doctrine has lost its efficiency in dealing with Iran. If they could have acted on this hollow threat, they would have it six years ago. Consequently, the preemptive strike theory has become a relic of the past.

Contrary to Israeli propaganda, Iran has achieved its primary objective, which was deterrence. From a humanitarian and cultural standpoint, Iran's response served as a source of solace for independent nations and peoples oppressed by Zionism and authoritarian powers and weary of conflict, threats, and aggression. The scenes of joy sparked by Iran's military action in several countries underscores a key point.

The massive strike on Israel demonstrated that Iran, steeped in its rich history and cultural heritage, and imbued with the essence of Islam, holds the promise of fostering peace and advancement worldwide.

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## Israel's victimhood narratives coming to end

By Venus Q. Sarmadi  
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### PERSPECTIVE

It is concerning how Israel often seeks to portray itself as the victim in various political situations to justify its aggressive actions and occupations. This narrative of victimhood is frequently utilized to garner sympathy and support, deflecting attention away from its own role in perpetuating conflicts and oppression. This policy was evident even yesterday after Iran's legitimate defensive retaliations, where Israel continues to employ this rhetoric to justify its violations.

Iran on Saturday launched extensive missile and drone strikes against Israel in response to its attack on the Iranian diplomatic premises in Syria early this month, during which

seven Iranian military advisors were killed. The "punishment" attack was in response to Israel's repeated aggression against Iran and the UN Security Council's failure to hold the regime accountable for the April 1 attack. While Western countries condemned Iran's missile and drone attack, they were silent in condemning Israel for its raid on the Iranian consulate in Syria. However, global powers Russia, China, and even France, as well as Arab states Egypt, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates urged restraint. Adopting a policy of victimization, Israeli officials have again portrayed Iran's defensive actions as a threat to the world with its Foreign Ministry announcing on Sunday that the Islamic Republic's attack on Israel once again proves that Iran is "behind terrorist attacks in the re-

gion". It added that this is why Iran should never have nuclear weapons and the Islamic Republic must pay the price for its aggression. President Joe Biden, however, has signaled that the US, Israel's close ally, will not assist an Israeli counter-attack on Iran. He called a meeting of G7 leaders, apparently to coordinate a diplomatic response. Iran's overnight operation was purely deterrent as Foreign Minister Hossein Amir-Abdollahian said Tehran had informed the United States that its attack on Israel would be "limited" and for "self-defense". Israel's allies who are no friends of Iran but fear a regional war supported Israel in its defense. The attack from hundreds of missiles and drones, mostly launched from inside Iran, caused only modest

damage in Israel as most were shot down with the help of the US, Britain, France, and Jordan. Also, after the October 7 attacks by the Hamas resistance group, Israel employed a portrayal policy. However, its false victimhood facade has globally begun to erode in light of its crucial actions during the more than six months of war in Gaza. Since 1948, with the backing of the US and the UK, Palestine has been under Israeli occupation. The regime has consistently used harsh, violent, and inhumane methods during this occupation. However, it has disguised itself as a lamb in the woods. The Holocaust – the story of the murder of Jews by the Nazis in World War II – serves as a significant example of this for political gain. It is noteworthy that it had always justified its crimes against the Pales-

tinians in the name of the Holocaust, and today the regime uses it as a tool to justify antisemitism itself. In the days and weeks following the Hamas' Operation al-Aqsa Storm, Israel rode the waves of victimhood, committing their crimes and savagery. Still, its disproportionate response to the blow received from Hamas, caused public opinion internationally to doubt the validity of the Zionist narrative and their honesty in narrating the issue of Palestine. And the initial images of Israel under attack quickly shifted to scenes of Palestinian suffering. During this period, nearly 34,000 people were killed in Gaza, mostly women and children. The campaign has devastated large swathes of the besieged strip, destroying hospitals and displacing half of its population of 2.4 million. Prior to this war, what had

enabled the Zionists to gain support from certain governments and even nations, allowing them to continue their occupation, land seizures, and annexation of more parts of the West Bank, was their higher hand in shaping narratives at the international level. The Zionist media network has been able to fabricate and present false narratives of Jewish victimization, historical sufferings, and their alleged historical rights over Palestine in the past century. "These narratives, disseminated through media productions, have significantly influenced global public opinion. Some individuals even came to believe that Muslims had occupied the historical land of the Jews," Ahmad Zare'an, an expert on international affairs, has recently said. Consequently, the roles of the oppressed and the oppressor had been inter-

changed. While the end of the current war remains still unknown, in the unfolding process of the conflict and warfare, what is happening is the gradual triumph, or, at the very least, the emergence of the Palestinian narrative against the Israeli algorithm – despite its difficulty to be seen in the political arena. Over six months into the war, Israel is also facing a decline in international support, in stark contrast to the initial backing it received at the beginning of the conflict, even from its main ally, the US. On October 7, the initial support and unity with Israel from its allies, which was emphasized by a visit from Biden, has now changed to criticism and disapproval. With the US voicing increasing dissatisfaction with Israel's policy, the rest of the world is following suit.