# Putin calls for immediate end to 'cruel aggression' against Iran *Rezaei*



*Russian President Vladimir Putin (3rd R) meets Secretary of Iran's Supreme National Security Council Mohsen Rezaei (3rd L) in Moscow, Russia, on November 5, 2026.*
*SPUTNIK*

**International Desk**

Iran's Supreme National Security Council (SNSC) Secretary Major General Mohsen Rezaei held a meeting with Russian President Vladimir Putin in Moscow on Thursday, where the Russian leader called for immediate end to the US "cruel aggression" against Iran.

Mohsen Rezaei made the remarks after his meeting with Putin, during which a message from the Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Seyyed Mojtaba Khamenei was delivered to Putin.

"In the meeting, the Russian president strongly condemned the US and Zionist regime's military attack on Iran, as well as the bombing of our country's nuclear sites," Rezaei said, adding that the Russian president clearly stated that the military aggression against Iran is a cruel war and must end as soon as possible.

Rezaei said the discussions covered regional security arrangements in the aftermath of the US-Israeli war on Iran, Moscow's support for ending the aggression, and plans to expand energy and transit cooperation, including the construction of gas pipelines from Russia to Iran.

He emphasized that strategic cooperation between Iran and Russia plays a significant role in promoting regional stability and countering unilateralism in international affairs.

A substantial part of the meeting was devoted to examining the latest developments in West Asia and the Persian Gulf.

Rezaei said Tehran would not hold talks with the US on ending the war and reopening the Strait of Hormuz until Washington meets its seven demands.

"On the issue of diplomacy, we have announced seven conditions to the Americans. As long as they do not execute our seven conditions, we will neither open the Strait of Hormuz nor have negotiations," he said.

Referring to the shared positions of Tehran and Moscow on numerous regional and international issues, the Russian president reaffirmed Moscow's determination to expand relations with Iran and called for continued consultations between the two countries' security and political officials.

Rezaei also said discussions with Putin focused on major regional developments, particularly the future security architecture of West Asia following the war.

"Important issues concerning the region were discussed with Mr. Putin, including significant discussions on the postwar period and regional security arrangements," he said.

The meeting comes amid intensified diplomatic and strategic engagement between Tehran and Moscow as Iran seeks to address the consequences of the war and establish arrangements for regional security and postwar reconstruction.

## *Pezeshkian:* Iran facing 'full-scale economic war'

**International Desk**

Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian said the country is facing a "full-scale economic war" despite not being engaged in a military conflict.

"Today, the country is in a situation where, although it is not involved in a military war, it is facing extensive economic pressure. Waterways and air routes have been restricted, while obstacles are also being created along land routes," Pezeshkian said during a virtual meeting with authorities in the northern province of Gilan on Thursday.

Referring to rising government expenditure amid wartime conditions and external pressure, the president said the efforts and resilience of government managers and officials had enabled the country to withstand mounting challenges and manage a substantial part of its difficulties.

Pezeshkian also stressed the need to preserve national unity and cohesion, warning that Iran's adversaries are seeking to sow discord within the country.

"The enemy is seeking to create divisions within the country, and we must strengthen solidarity and cohesion to prevent internal differences from becoming a tool for the enemy to achieve its objectives," he said. Since the joint aggression by the United States and Israel against Iran in February, Washington has intensified its economic pressure on Iran to force authorities in Tehran to accept its demands to end the aggression.



*Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian speaks during a virtual meeting with authorities in the northern province of Gilan on November 5, 2026.*
*president.ir*

The United States has imposed a naval blockade on Iran since April and following the failure of an agreement reached between the two countries, which was mediated by Pakistan. The blockade has stopped Iran's oil exports, with only about 200,000 to 300,000 barrels a day of Iranian oil still reaching the market via Iraq, according to Bloomberg. The US has also imposed new sanctions on the country. Washington has announced it would put sanctions on any global companies doing business with Iranian airlines.

US sanctions on Iranian airlines came into force on September 23. The measures have not grounded Iranian aviation altogether.

The US has also forced Iran's neighbors to close their land routes with Iran, through which Iran imports and exports goods.

## Tehran rejects EU claim of Iran's interference in Yemen-Saudi war

**International Desk**

Iran's Foreign Ministry spokesman Esmaeil Baqaei strongly rejected as "baseless" the European Union's (EU) allegation of Iran's interference in the ongoing conflict between Yemen and Saudi Arabia, slamming the bloc for its complicity in human rights violations in Yemen through the imposition of sanctions on the impoverished Arab country.

Baqaei's remarks on Thursday were made in direct response to EU foreign policy chief Kaja Kallas, who claimed in a formal statement that Iran militarily supports the Yemeni armed forces in what she called a "violation of several United Nations Security Council resolutions."

Baqaei stressed that the European bloc is complicit in flagrant human rights violations in Yemen through the imposition of sanctions and an economic siege against the impoverished Arab nation.

The EU cannot escape responsibility by making deflective statements, Baqaei stressed.

Iran's Foreign Ministry spokesman also strongly rejected allegations concerning the presence of Iranian military experts in Yemen, emphasizing that such "fabricated" reports are aimed at concealing the facts and diverting public attention.

He also noted that the Yemeni people have demonstrated their ability, experience, courage and determination to defend their national sovereignty and human dignity, stressing that they do not need any foreign intervention to achieve this goal.

He also condemned military strikes on various parts of Yemen, particularly attacks on civilian facilities, vital infrastructure and residential areas, which have killed more than 270 people, including 130 women and children, injured more than 650 others, and destroyed homes and infrastructure.



*While hundreds of thousands of Yemenis have lost their lives, Saudi Arabia has not succeeded in its main objective of reinstating a puppet government in Yemen that aligns with its interests.*
*AFP*

Baqaei called for an end to violations of Yemen's national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

"The establishment of peace in the Arabian Peninsula requires an end to military attacks, respect for the Yemeni people's right to self-determination, an end to the country's naval and air blockade, and dialogue based on a roadmap agreed upon by Yemenis and Saudis," he stressed, adding that Iran is ready to provide any assistance toward achieving peace.

In March 2015, Saudi Arabia and its allies enforced a blockade on Yemen, launching a wide-ranging military campaign that received military, political, and logistical backing from the United States and various Western nations.

TENDER NO.: 08-21-0340018
Second Announcement
N.I.S.O.C
NATIONAL IRANIAN SOUTH OILFIELDS COMPANY
AHVAZ-IRAN

**The National Iranian South Oil Company (NISOC)** is seeking to procure the specified goods listed in the table below through a Qualitative Evaluation Call for conducting a public tender via the Government Electronic Procurement System (SETAD). All stages of the tender process including the receipt of tender documents, submission of bidders' proposals, and the opening of bid envelopes, shall be carried out exclusively through the Government Electronic Procurement System (SETAD) portal at www.setadiran.ir Bidders who have not previously registered must complete the registration process on the aforementioned portal and obtain an Electronic Signature certificate to participate in the tender.

| Item | Material Description | Quantity |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | CASING 4-1/2 IN., 13.5 PPF, API GRADE L-80, SEAMLESS VAM , N.VAM, THREAD, RANGE 3, DRIFT LENGTH: 42 IN | 30,000LE |

Vendors who intend to participate in aforesaid tenders are requested to send their" Intention To Participate" letter via fax to the following number along with their resume according to Qualitative Assessment Form no. 1, available at: www.setadiran.ir, not later than14 days after the second announcement, otherwise, their requests for participation in the tender will be disregarded.
The applicants should have relevant background in supplying the required goods and capability to provide and submit a bid bond of 158,619/75 EURO or 298,833,893,010 RIAL, in favor of NISOC

ONLY ACCEPTABLE DELIVERY TERM IS CFR, BANDAR IMAM KHOMEINI, IRAN PAYMENT TERM IS C.A.D.SUBSEQUENT TO NISOC'S MATERIAL APPROVAL.

FOREIGN PURCHASING DEPARTMENT
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