Strait of Hormuz will remain closed until US accepts Iran's conditions: *FM*



Vessels are anchored in the Strait of Hormuz in this picture taken from the port city of Bandar Abbas, Iran, on November 16, 2026.
IRNA

International Desk

Iranian Foreign Minister Abbas Araghchi reiterated Tehran's conditions for reopening the Strait of Hormuz, stressing that the strategic waterway will remain closed until the United States accepts Iran's "reasonable and lawful" demands.

Speaking at a ceremony marking Oman's National Day on Saturday, Araghchi said reopening the Strait of Hormuz would not be difficult if the US accepted Iran's reasonable conditions in line with international law.

"There is no solution to the current situation unless the US acknowledges its mistakes and fulfills its previous commitments," he added.

He further emphasized that Iran is prepared to continue negotiations while it is ready to defend itself.

Pointing to the close relations between Iran and Oman, Araghchi said the two countries' ties are based on mutual respect, shared interests and cooperation.

Tehran and Muscat maintained regular consultations on regional issues, particularly the establishment of new security arrangements in the Persian Gulf, he reiterated. The foreign minister said one of the major lessons of previous wars was that regional security must be ensured by the countries in the region, noting that talks on this issue have already begun.

Iran closed the Strait of Hormuz following the launch of the American-Israeli aggression against the country on February 28.

The Islamic Republic and the United States agreed on a 60-day reopening period as part of a Pakistan-mediated memorandum of understanding in June, but American violations forced Tehran to close the chokepoint again.

Tehran has conditioned reopening of the waterway on the realization of a number of prerequisites, including cessation of American interference in regional maritime traffic.

US naval blockade

Speaking to reporters on the sidelines of the ceremony, Araghchi said the US naval blockade imposed on Iran is entirely illegal.

He stressed the importance of allowing more time for consultations among regional countries and for mediators to continue their work.

The foreign minister expressed hope that the blockade would be lifted through a rational process based on reason.

The US imposed its illegal blockade on Iran in April, after suffering defeat on the battlefield and failing to impose its terms during the Islamabad negotiations.

Deputy Foreign Minister Kazem Gharibabadi also said on Saturday that Iran views the blockade as an act of war and will take whatever measures necessary to break the siege.

Gharibabadi said Tehran had conveyed its position on the US blockade to Washington through messages delivered via intermediary countries.

His comments come amid reports that Iran might dispatch a convoy of oil tankers to China in defiance of the US maritime embargo, with sources saying the country would target oil installations in regional countries allied with the US if Washington decides to attack or seize the tankers.

Gharibabadi said, however, that Tehran was giving diplomacy a chance to resolve its disputes with Washington through indirect negotiations.

Old world order cannot be restored with old photographs: *Top security official*

International Desk

Secretary of Iran's Supreme National Security Council Mohsen Rezaei said on Sunday that the global order has changed fundamentally after the US president shared an image on social media comparing the 1945 Yalta Conference with his recent meeting with Chinese and Russian presidents.

In a post on X on Sunday, Rezaei said Iran of 2026 is not the Iran of the 1943 Tehran Conference or the 1945 Yalta Conference, just as the United States of today is not the America of that era.

He described the United States as a "defeated" country rather than victorious in war, adding that the world has changed and



Mohsen Rezaei
IRNA

that "the current order cannot be taken back to the past with old photographs."

The Tehran Conference brought together the leaders of the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union in 1943 to coordinate their wartime strategy, while the 1945 Yalta Conference helped shape the post-World War II international order.

US President Donald Trump on Saturday shared an image on his Truth Social account comparing the 1945 Yalta Conference with a recent meeting involving himself, Chinese President Xi Jinping, and Russian President Vladimir Putin, captioning it "The Great Powers of 1945 and 2026."

The Yalta Conference, held in February 1945, brought together the leaders of the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union to discuss the post-World War II order and the future of Europe. Rezaei's comments came amid increased US military activity in the region and heightened tensions between Washington and Tehran.

The US has recently moved additional naval and military assets toward the Middle East, including carrier and amphibious forces, while strengthening air and missile defenses at bases and facilities in the region.

The deployments come amid continuing military confrontation between Washington and Tehran, with Iran repeatedly warning that US bases and naval assets beyond the region could be targeted in response to attacks on Iranian territory.

The US and the Israeli regime waged their first criminal war against Iran, which lasted 12 days, in June 2025. Their second aggression began on February 28, 2026, and came to a halt in early April after 40 days.

In both wars, Iran's resistance and successful retaliatory operations forced the aggressors to accept a ceasefire.

Qalibaf calls for 'sustainable deterrence' to remove to threat of war

International Desk

Iran's Parliament Speaker Mohammad Baqer Qalibaf said on Sunday that achieving "sustainable deterrence" is the only way to remove the threat of war against the country.

Speaking during a Parliament session on Sunday, Qalibaf said Iran has reached a point of military deterrence against its adversaries, such that the enemy has "come to the conclusion that it cannot launch a war similar to the 40-day war against us."

Qalibaf was referring to a recent aggression by the United States and Israel which began on February 28 and lasted for 40 days. As a result, the enemy had shifted its primary focus to undermining Iran's domestic security, exerting economic pressure and seeking to bring about the country's collapse from within, the top parliamentarian said.

Countering the enemy's strategy would require national unity, cohesion and the establishment of sustainable deterrence, he underlined.

"The only way to keep the enemy's threats away from our beloved Iran and its people is to achieve sustainable deterrence," the speaker said.

The United States and the Israeli regime waged their first illegal war against Iran, which lasted 12 days, in June 2025. Their second aggression began on February 28, 2026, and came to a halt in early April after 40 days.



Iran's Parliament Speaker Mohammad Baqer Qalibaf speaks during a parliament session in Tehran on November 22, 2026.
ICANA

During the aggression, the US and the Israeli regime assassinated Leader of the Islamic Revolution, Ayatollah Seyyed Ali Khamenei, along with senior military commanders, while thousands of civilians, including women and children, were also killed.

In both wars, Iran's resistance and decisive retaliatory operations forced the aggressors to accept a ceasefire.

Iran has also maintained a tight grip on the Strait of Hormuz since the early days of the second imposed war amid acts of mischief by Washington in the region.

The Strait remains closed, and Iran has made clear that it will not allow its reopening until the United States meets the demands Tehran has announced.

TENDER NO.: 08-21-0340012

First Announcement

NATIONAL IRANIAN SOUTH OILFIELDS COMPANY
AHVAZ-IRAN

N.I.S.O.C

The National Iranian South Oil Company (NISOC) is seeking to procure the specified goods listed in the table below through a Qualitative Evaluation Call for conducting a public tender via the Government Electronic Procurement System (SETAD). All stages of the tender process including the receipt of tender documents, submission of bidders' proposals, and the opening of bid envelopes, shall be carried out exclusively through the Government Electronic Procurement System (SETAD) portal at www.setadiran.ir Bidders who have not previously registered must complete the registration process on the aforementioned portal and obtain an Electronic Signature certificate to participate in the tender.

Item	Material Description	Quantity	UNIT
1	CASING 4-1/2 IN., 13.5 PPF, API GRADE L-80, SEAMLESS VAM , N.VAM, THREAD, RANGE 3, DRIFT LENGTH: 42 IN	30,000	LE
2	PUP JOINT, TUBING 4-1/2 IN., 13.5 PPH, 7 FT, PIN & BOX	65	NO
3	PUP JOINT, TUBING 4-1/2 IN., 13.5 PPH, 10 FT, PIN & BOX	65	NO
4	COUPLING TUBING 4-1/2 IN., (VAM-N. VAM-SEC)	500	NO

Vendors who intend to participate in aforesaid tenders are requested to send their" Intention To Participate" letter via fax to the following number along with their resume according to Qualitative Assessment Form no. 1, available at: www.setadiran.ir, not later than14 days after the second announcement, otherwise, their requests for participation in the tender will be disregarded.

The applicants should have relevant background in supplying the required goods and capability to provide and submit a bid bond of **153,665/53 EURO** or **310,686,343,220 RIAL**, in favor of NISOC.

ONLY ACCEPTABLE DELIVERY TERM IS CFR, BANDAR IMAM KHOMEINI, IRAN PAYMENT TERM IS C.A.D., SUBSEQUENT TO NISOC'S MATERIAL APPROVAL.

FOREIGN PURCHASING DEPARTMENT
Bldg. No. 104, Material Procurement Management Complex, Kouy-e-Fadaeian Islam (New Site), Ahvaz, Iran
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